Fund Fact Sheet/MDD

M&G Enhanced SA Property Tracker Fund







Annualised performance	A class	Benchmark	T class	D class
1 year	12.5%	13.7%	12.5%	12.7%
3 years	9.2%	9.6%	9.2%	9.4%
5 years	-0.7%	0.0%	-0.7%	-0.6%
7 years	-2.6%	-1.5%	-2.5%	-2.4%
10 years	2.3%	2.8%	-	2.5%
Since inception	8.8%	9.3%	-	-

Returns since inception ¹	A class	Date
Highest annualised return	65.7%	31 Oct 2021
Lowest annualised return	-52.1%	31 Oct 2020

Top 10 holdings as at 31 Mar 2024

1.	NEPI Rockcastle NV	28.0%
2.	Growthpoint Properties Ltd	14.6%
3.	Redefine Properties Ltd	10.6%
4.	Fortress Real Estate Investments Ltd B	8.0%
5.	Vukile Property Fund Ltd	5.6%
6.	Resilient REIT Ltd	4.7%
7.	Hyprop Investments Ltd	4.2%
8.	Sirius Real Estate Ltd	3.7%
9.	Equites Property Fund Ltd	3.5%
10.	MAS Plc	3.0%

Risk measures	A class	Benchmark
Monthly volatility (annualised)	19.4%	19.9%
Maximum drawdown over any period	-63.7%	-62.6%
% of positive rolling 12 months	74.2%	73.7%
Information ratio	-0.4	n/a
Sortino ratio	0.3	0.3
Sharpe ratio	0.2	0.2

Asset allocation as at 30 Apr 2024



A Class T Class **I Class D** Class Investment options R10 000 R10 000 R10 000 Minimum lump sum investment R20 million Minimum monthly debit order R500 pm R500 pm R500 pm n/a Annual Management Fees (excl. VAT) A Class **I Class** T Class D Class M&G 0.55% 0.55% 0.65% 0.40% 0.15% Financial adviser service fee (if applicable)2 n/a n/a n/a T Class Expenses (incl. VAT) A Class **I Class** D Class

112-month rolling performance figure ² The Financial Adviser Service Fee, if applicable, is included in M&G's annual management fee above. An Ongoing Adviser Fee, over and above the Financial Adviser Service Fee, may be negotiated between the Investor and Financial Adviser. Should you agree to an Ongoing Adviser Fee, it will be paid via the regular repurchase of units.

³ Where a transaction cost is not readily available, a reasonable best estimate has been used. Estimated transaction costs may include Bond, Money Market, and FX costs

0.66%

0.06%

0.72%

0.66%

0.06%

0.72%

0.78%

0.06%

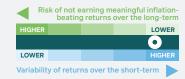
0.84%

0.49%

0.06%

0.55%

Risk profile



Fund facts

Fund objective

To provide a total return equal to or better than the benchmark (after fees) while providing long-term capital growth.

Investor profile

Individuals with a medium-to-high risk tolerance requiring medium-to long-term capital and income growth through efficient and cost-effective exposure to the Listed Property sector in South Africa. The recommended investment horizon is 5 years or longer.

Investment mandate

The Fund invests in South African listed property instruments and assets in liquid form. No direct investment in physical property may be made. The Fund is managed to a maximum tracking error of 2%.

Fund managers

Yusuf Mowlana Rahgib Davids

98.6%

1.4%

ASISA category

South African - Real Estate - General

Benchmark

FTSE/JSE South African Listed Property

Inception date

2 December 2005

Fund size

R576 704 434

Awards

Morningstar/Standard & Poor's: 2011

Total Expense Ratio (TER)

Total Investment Charges (TIC)

Transaction Costs (TC)3

Fund Fact Sheet/MDD

M&G Enhanced SA Property **Tracker Fund**

April 2024

Income Distributions ⁴	A Class	T Class	D Class
	Total 12m yield	Total 12m yield	Total 12m yield
31 March 2024	0.00 cpu 5.48%	0.00 cpu 5.48%	0.00 cpu 5.64%
31 December 2023	4.20 cpu 5.47%	4.20 cpu 5.47%	4.26 cpu 5.62%
30 September 2023	0.64 cpu 7.04%	0.64 cpu 7.04%	0.70 cpu 7.22%
30 June 2023	3.64 cpu 7.07%	3.64 cpu 7.07%	3.70 cpu 7.25%

Fund commentary

In general, both equities and bonds were weaker in April. This was mainly due to growing evidence of sticky US inflation, which raised questions as to whether the US Federal Reserve (Fed) would be able to cut rates this year. A sequence of robust economic data in the US early in the month, together with disappointing inflation readings, prompted US Fed Chair Jerome Powell to say that recent data did not give the Fed greater confidence that inflation was moving sustainably towards its 2% target. Instead, he said the data "indicate that it's likely to take longer than expected to achieve that confidence". As a consequence, investors pushed back the timing of expected US interest rate cuts from June to September.

On the local front, SA CPI dropped to 5.3% y/y in March, returning to the level it settled at in January. The SARB's MPC kept the reporate unchanged at 8.25% in a unanimous decision, as widely expected. SA listed property as measured by the FTSE/JSE SA Listed Property Index and the property of the state of the property of thereturned -0.6% in April, while the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global REIT Index (US\$) delivered -6.3%.

Among the top contributors to relative performance for the month were underweight positions in Attacq and Fairvest Ltd B, and an overweight position in SA Corporate Real Estate Ltd. Relative detractors included underweight positions in Lighthouse Properties and Emira Property Fund, and an overweight position in Dipula Income Fund Ltd B.

Glossary	
12-month yield	A measure of the Fund's income distributions as a percentage of the Fund's net asset value (NAV). This is calculated by summing the income distributions over a rolling 12-month period, then dividing by the sum of the NAV at the end of the period and any capital gains distributed over the same period.
Annualised performance	The average amount of money (total return) earned by an investment each year over a given time period. For periods longer than one year, total returns are expressed as compounded average returns on a yearly basis.
Cumulative performance graph	This illustrates how an initial investment of R100 or N\$100 (for example) placed into the Fund would change over time, taking ongoing fees into account, with all distributions reinvested.
Income distribution	The dividend income and/or interest income that is generated by the underlying Fund investments and that is periodically declared and distributed to investors in the Fund after all annual service fees.
Information ratio	Measures the Fund's active return (Fund return in excess of the benchmark) divided by the amount of risk that the manager takes relative to the benchmark. The higher the information ratio, the higher the active return of the Fund, given the amount of risk taken and the more consistent the manager. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Maximum drawdown	The largest drop in the Fund's cumulative total return from peak to trough over any period.
Monthly volatility (annualised)	Also known as standard deviation. This measures the amount of variation or difference in the monthly returns on an investment. The larger the annualised monthly volatility, the more the monthly returns are likely to vary from the average monthly return (i.e. the more volatile the investment).
Percentage of positive rolling 12 months	The percentage of months, since inception, that the Fund has shown a positive return over a rolling 12-month period.
Sharpe ratio	The Sharpe ratio is used to measure how well the return of an asset compensates the investor for the risk taken. The higher the Sharpe ratio the better the Fund's historical risk-adjusted performance has been. This is calculated by taking the difference between the Fund's annualised return and the risk-free (cash) rate, divided by the standard deviation of the Fund's returns. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Sortino ratio	This is calculated by taking the difference between the Fund's annualised return and the risk-free (cash) rate, divided by the downside deviation of the Fund's returns i.e. the "bad" volatility. A high Sortino ratio indicates a low risk of large losses occurring in the Fund. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	This shows the charges, levies and fees relating to the management of the portfolio and is expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of the most recent completed quarter. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs.
Transaction Costs (TC)	The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.
Total Investment Charges (TIC)	The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs, relating to the investment of the Fund. As fund returns are reported after deducting all fees and expenses, these costs (the TER, TC & TIC) should not be deducted from the fund returns.
Unit Classes	M&G's funds are offered in different unit classes to allow different types of investors (individuals and institutions) to invest in the same fund. Different investment minimums and fees apply to different unit classes. A Class: for individuals only. B & D Class: retirement funds and other large institutional investors only. X Class: the special fee class that was made available to investors that were invested in the Dividend Income Feeder Fund. T Class: for investors in tax-free unit trusts. F Class: for Discretionary Fund Managers.



Contact us

info@mandg.co.za



0860 105 775

Invest now

Application forms

An electronic copy of this document is available at www.mandg.co.za

Disclaimer

MandG Investments Unit Trusts (South Africa) (RF) Ltd (Registration number: 1999/0524/06) is an approved CISCA management company (#29). Assets are managed by MandG Investment Managers (Pty) Ltd, which is an approved discretionary Financial Services Provider (#45199). The Trustee's/Custodian details are: Standard Bank of South Africa limited - Trustees Services & investor Services. 20th Floor, Main Tower, Standard Bank Centre, Heerengracht, Cape Town.

Collective Investment Schemes (unit trusts) are generally medium-to long-term investments. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future investment performance. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis. This means the price is the total net market value of all assets of the unit trust fund divided by the total number of units of the fund. Any market movements – for example in share prices, bond prices, money market prices or currency fluctuations – relevant to the underlying assets of the fund may cause the value of the underlying assets to go up or down. As a result, the price of your units may go up or down. Unit trusts are traded at the ruling forward price of the day, meaning that transactions are processed during the day before you or the Manager know what the price at the end of the day will be. The price and therefore the number of units involved in the transaction are only known on the following day. The unit trust fund may borrow up to 10% of the fund value, and it may also lend any scrip (proof of ownership of an investment instrument) that it holds to earn additional income. A M&G unit trust fund may consist of different fund classes that are subject to different fees and charges. Where applicable, the Manager will pay your financial adviser an agreed standard ongoing adviser fees, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. A unit trust summary with all fees and maximum initial and ongoing adviser fees, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. A unit trust summary with all fees and maximum initial and ongoing adviser fees, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. As a result, the fund may be higher and the liquidity of the fund may be higher and the liquidity of the fund may be higher and the liquidity of the fund may be higher and the liquidity of market information and information on M&G products on the M&G website. The Fund may be affected (positively or negatively) by the difference in tax regimes between the domestic and foreign tax juris

If the income earned in the form of dividends and interest exceeds the total expenses, the Fund will make a distribution (cpu = cents per unit)